

# "LA CAVALCATA"

Triosonata in sol minore per flauto dolce, mandolino e cembalino

Music by:

Lorenzo Cristiano Forslund

**Allegro  $\text{J} = 110$**

start cembalino  
start mandolino  
start flauto  
start cembalino  
start mandolino  
start cembalino  
start cello mandola  
start cembalino  
start cello mandola

Altblockflöjt  
Mandolin  
Mandola  
Violoncell  
Cembalo  
Cembalo

6

A. blf.  
Mdn.  
Mda.  
Vc.  
Hch.  
Hch.

$\text{♩} = 80$

11

A. blf.

Mdn.

Mda.

Vc.

Hch.

Hch.

$\text{♩} = 110$

Measure 11: Rests. Measure 12: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note. Measure 13: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note. Measure 14: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note. Measure 15: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note.

16

A. blf.

Mdn.

Mda.

Vc.

Hch.

Hch.

*tr*

Measure 16: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note. Measure 17: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note. Measure 18: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note. Measure 19: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note. Measure 20: A. blf. eighth note, Mdn. eighth note, Mda. eighth note, Vc. eighth note, Hch. eighth note, Hch. eighth note.

20

A. blf. Mdn. Mda. Vc. Hch. Hch.

1.  $\text{♩} = 110$   
2.  $\text{♩} = 80$

Copyright Lars Forslund 2020

30

A. blf.

Mdn.

Mda.

Vc.

Hch.

Hch.

34

A. blf.

Mdn.

Mda.

Vc.

Hch.

Hch.

38

A. blf. Mdn. Mda. Vc. Hch. Hch.

43

A. blf. Mdn. Mda. Vc. Hch. Hch.

This block contains two staves of musical notation. The top staff (measures 38-42) includes parts for Alto Clarinet (A. blf.), Bassoon (Mdn.), Double Bass (Mda.), Cello (Vc.), and two sets of Horns (Hch.). The bottom staff (measures 43-48) also includes parts for Alto Clarinet, Bassoon, Double Bass, Cello, and two sets of Horns. Measure 38 starts with a dynamic of  $\text{bass} = 80$ , followed by  $\text{bass} = 110$ . Measures 43-48 feature eighth-note patterns with measure numbers 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, and 48 respectively.

47

A. blf.

Mdr.

Mda.

Vc.

Hch.

Hch.

51

A. blf.

Mdr.

Mda.

Vc.

Hch.

Hch.

55

A. blf. Mdn. Mda. Vc. Hch. Hch.

59 *tr*

A. blf. Mdn. Mda. Vc. Hch. Hch.

63 *tr*  
 A. blf.  
 Mdn.  
 Mda.  
 Vc.  
 Hch.  
 Hch.

66 *tr*  
 A. blf.  
 Mdn.  
 Mda.  
 Vc.  
 Hch.  
 Hch.

1.  
 $\downarrow = 110$   
 $\downarrow = 80$

70

A. blf. Mdn. Mda. Vc. Hch. Hch.

rit  $\downarrow = 90$

74

A. blf. Mdn. Mda. Vc. Hch. Hch.

$\downarrow = 80$

$\downarrow = 30$

Altblockflöjt

# "LA CAVALCATA"

Triosonata in sol minore per flauto dolce, mandolino e cembalino

Music by:

**Allegro ♩ = 110**

Lorenzo Cristiano Forslund

The sheet music for the Alto Recorder (Altblockflöjt) consists of nine staves of musical notation. The key signature varies throughout the piece, including B-flat major, A major, and G major. The time signature is mostly common time (indicated by '3'). The tempo is Allegro, with a tempo marking of ♩ = 110 at the beginning. The music includes dynamic markings such as 'tr' (trill), '3' (trill pattern), and '♩ = 80'. The first staff starts with a rest followed by a eighth note. The second staff begins with a eighth note. The third staff starts with a eighth note. The fourth staff begins with a eighth note. The fifth staff starts with a eighth note. The sixth staff begins with a eighth note. The seventh staff starts with a eighth note. The eighth staff begins with a eighth note. The ninth staff starts with a eighth note.

49

110

54

80

56

80

58

80

60

110

66

1.           2.

80

73

rit 90

80

30

Mandolin

# "LA CAVALCATA"

Triosonata in sol minore per flauto dolce, mandolino e cembalino

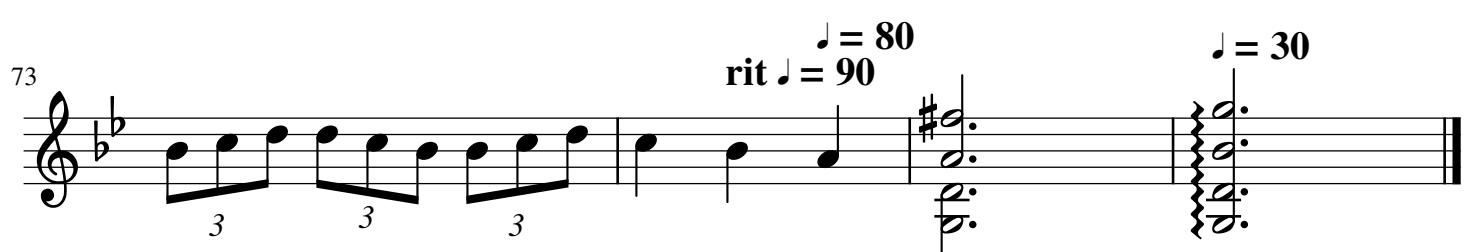
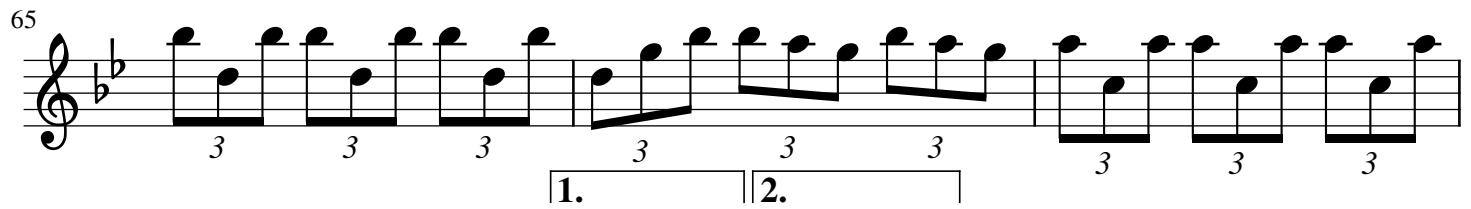
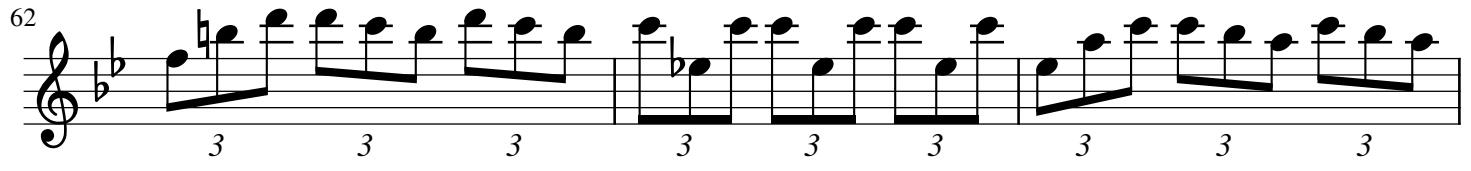
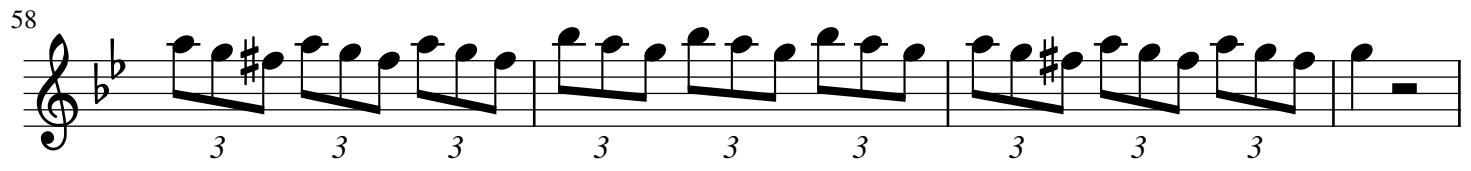
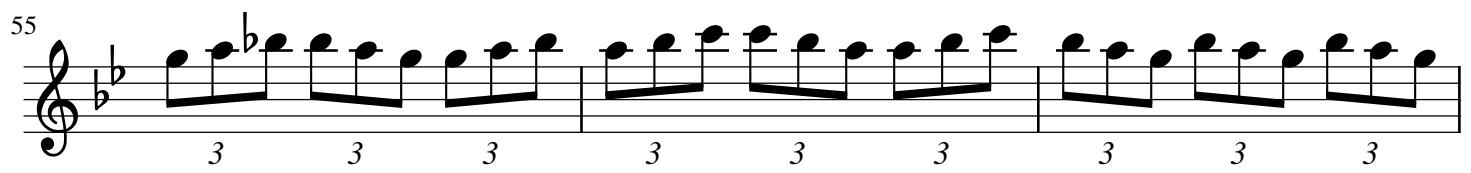
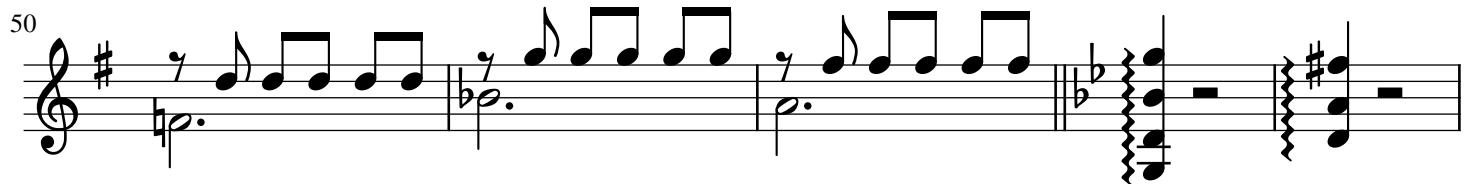
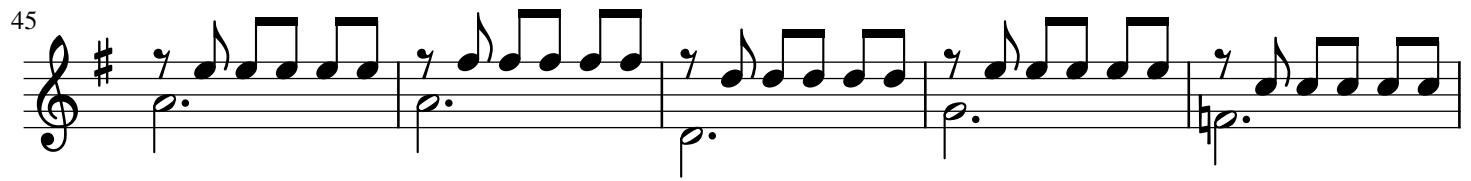
Music by:

**Allegro ♩ = 110**

Lorenzo Cristiano Forslund

start cembalino start mandolino

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for mandolin. The first staff begins with a dynamic of  $p$ . Measure 7 starts with a dynamic of  $\overline{p}$ . Measures 13 and 18 begin with dynamics of  $\#p$ . Measure 23 starts with a dynamic of  $\overline{p}$ . Measures 29 and 34 begin with dynamics of  $b\#p$ . Measure 39 starts with a dynamic of  $b\#p$ . Various tempo markings are present:  $\text{♩} = 110$ ,  $\text{♩} = 80$ , and  $\text{♩} = 110$  at the end of the piece. Measure 18 includes a first ending (1.) and a second ending (2.). Measure 23 includes a first ending (1.) and a second ending (2.). Measure 39 includes a first ending (1.) and a second ending (2.). The music is in common time, with some measures featuring triplets indicated by vertical triple bar lines.



## Cembalo 1

**"LA CAVALCATA"**

Triosonata in sol minore per flauto dolce, mandolino e cembalino

Music by:

Lorenzo Cristiano Forslund

**Allegro**  $\text{♩} = 110$ 

1

5

8

12

 $\text{♩} = 110$  $\text{♩} = 80$ 

16

20

23

1.

2.

26

31

34

36

$\text{♩} = 110$   
 $\text{♩} = 80$

39

43

47

50

53

56

59

62

1.

66

$\text{♩} = 110$

$\text{♩} = 80$

2.

70

74

rit  $\text{♩} = 90$

$\text{♩} = 80$

$\text{♩} = 30$

## Cembalo 2

**"LA CAVALCATA"**

Triosonata in sol minore per flauto dolce, mandolino e cembalino

Music by:

Lorenzo Cristiano Forslund

**Allegro  $\text{J} = 110$**

2

7

3  $\text{J} = 110$   
 $\text{J} = 80$

15

20

25

1. 2.  $\text{J} = 110$   $\text{J} = 110$   
 $\text{J} = 80$   $\text{J} = 80$  2

34

38

$\text{♩} = 110$

$\text{♩} = 80$

44

49

54

59

64

1.                   2.

$\text{♩} = 110$   
 $\text{♩} = 80$

69

74

rit  $\text{♩} = 90$        $\text{♩} = 80$        $\text{♩} = 30$

Mandola

# "LA CAVALCATA"

Triosonata in sol minore per flauto dolce, mandolino e cembalino

Music by:

Lorenzo Cristiano Forslund

**Allegro ♩ = 110**

start cembalino

start cello  
mandola

The sheet music for the Mandola part consists of eight staves of music. Staff 1 starts with a rest followed by a dynamic instruction 'start cembalino'. Staff 2 begins with a dynamic instruction 'start cello mandola'. Staff 3 shows a tempo change from ♩ = 110 to ♩ = 80. Staff 4 contains a measure with a '2' above it. Staff 5 shows a measure with a '3' above it. Staff 6 contains a measure with a '2' above it. Staff 7 contains a measure with a '2' above it. Staff 8 ends with a dynamic instruction '♩ = 110' and '♩ = 80'.

43

48

53

57

61

66

70

74

rit  $\text{♩} = 90$   $\text{♩} = 80$

$\text{♩} = 30$

Violoncell

# "LA CAVALCATA"

Triosonata in sol minore per flauto dolce, mandolino e cembalino

Music by:

Lorenzo Cristiano Forslund

**Allegro ♩ = 110**

start cembalino

Violoncello part (page 1): Starts with a dynamic 'g'. The first measure contains a rest. The key signature is one flat. The tempo is Allegro with a tempo marking of ♩ = 110. The instruction "start cembalino" is written above the staff. The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

5

Violoncello part (page 1, cont'd): The key signature changes to one sharp. The tempo remains Allegro with a tempo marking of ♩ = 110. The music continues with eighth-note patterns.

9

Violoncello part (page 1, cont'd): The key signature changes back to one flat. The tempo changes to ♩ = 80. The music continues with eighth-note patterns.

16

Violoncello part (page 1, cont'd): The key signature changes to one sharp. The music continues with eighth-note patterns. A bracket labeled "1." and "2." indicates two endings.

22

Violoncello part (page 1, cont'd): The key signature changes back to one flat. The music continues with eighth-note patterns.

29

Violoncello part (page 1, cont'd): The key signature changes to one sharp. The music continues with eighth-note patterns.

34

Violoncello part (page 1, cont'd): The key signature changes back to one flat. The music continues with eighth-note patterns.

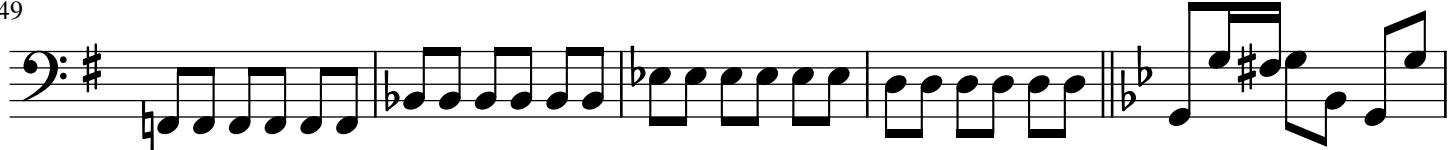
37

Violoncello part (page 1, cont'd): The key signature changes to one sharp. The tempo changes to ♩ = 110. The music continues with eighth-note patterns.

43



49



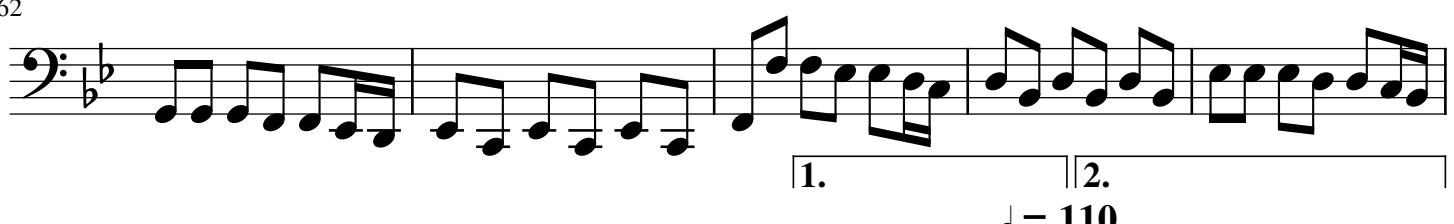
54



58



62



67



71



75

 $\text{J} = 30$ 